ATTENDANCE SHEET - CUM - MINUTES OF BOARD OF STUDIES

Minutes of the meeting of the Board of Studies of Home Science held on 20.05.14 at 11.00 a.m.

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(Name	e)		(Signature)
1.	Prof. Ravi Sidhu	(Chairperson)	P
2.	Dr. Charu Gupta	(External Expert 1)	Absent
3.	Dr. Madhulika Gautam	(Internal Member)	P
4.	Dr. Richa Verma	(Internal Member)	P

Proposed changes in the existing system

- The committee reviewed the existing courses of all the areas.
- Summary of the changes made, have been given in appendix-1
- Courses in which unit titles have been incorporated has been placed in Appendix -2
- Courses in which syllabus has been modified has been placed in appendix 3
- The committee suggested that a work experience course FASHION AND TEXTILE
 DESIGNING CAD should be started. The course has been developed and is placed in the appendix-4

The committee reviewed the panel of examiners

Prof. Ravi Sidhu (Signature of Chairperson)

APPENDIX-1			
Course No.	Course Title	Revision	
HSH101	NUTRITION AND HOME MANAGEMENT	Unit titles	
HSH102	CHILD DEVELOPMENT AND TEXTILE	Unit titles	
HSH281	HOUSEHOLD MANAGEMENT	Unit titles & Syllabus	
HSM101	INTRODUCTION TO FOODS	Unit titles	
HSM108	COMPUTER BASICS	Syllabus	
HSM201	NUTRITION	Unit titles	
HSM205	ELEMENTS OF ECONOMICS	Unit titles	
HSM206	CHILD IN THE INDIAN FAMILY	Title modification	
HSM302	HUMAN DEVELOPMENT PRACTICAL	Sequence of content	
HSM308	PARENT & COMMUNITY EDUCATION	Unit titles & Syllabus	
HSM 310	COMMUNITY NUTRITION THEORY	Unit titles	
HSM403	FAMILY RESOURCE MANAGEMENT	Course titles and Unit titles	
HSM408	ELEMENTS OF BIOCHEMISTRY	Unit titles & resequencing of	
		content	
HSM501	CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS	Unit titles	
HSM503	JOURNALISM & SOCIAL MARKETING	Unit titles & Syllabus	
HSM602	CHILD IN THE INDIAN FAMILY	Course title & Unit titles	
HSM603	TEXTILE CHEMISTRY & TESTING	Unit titles & resequencing of	
		content	
HSM702	METHODS OF CHILD STUDY	Unit titles	
HSM703	THEORIES OF HUMAN DEVELOPMENT	Unit titles	
HSM704	INSTITUTIONAL FOOD	Syllabus	
	<u>ADMINISTRATION</u>		
HSM707	APPAREL PRODUCTION & DESIGNING	Syllabus	
HSM 710	CHILD AND HUMAN RIGHTS	Unit titles	
HSM803	EARLY CHILDHOOD CARE &	Unit titles	
	<u>EDUCATION</u>		
HSM807	THERAPEUTIC NUTRITION	Unit titles	
HSM809	MANAGEMENT OF HUMAN	Course title	
	<u>RESOURCES</u>		
HSM811	MENTAL HEALTH IN DEVEL.	Unit titles	
	<u>PERSPECTIVE</u>		
HSW108 & FASHION AND TEXTILE DESIGNING New course		New course	
208	CAD I & II		
HSM953	SELF STUDY COURSE	Course revision	
HSM954	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY IN HOME	New course	

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	Appendix-2		
COUR	COURSES IN WHICH UNIT TITLES HAVE BEEN INCORPORATED		
Course No	Existing Status	Proposal for change	Justification
HSH 101	No unit titles UNIT 1 (a) Definition of Food, Nutrition and	Proposed unit titles UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION	Unit headings have been
AND HOME	Nutrients (b) Functions of Food- Physiological, Social and Psychological (c) Nutrients: (i) Protein-Essential amino acids, functions, food sources, requirements and deficiency (ii) Carbohydrates and Fats-Definition, classification, functions, food sources, requirement, deficiency and effect of over intake.	TO NUTRITION AND MACRO NUTRIENT	incorporate d
	UNIT 2 (a) Functions, sources and deficiency with respect to following: Minerals-Calcium, Phosphorous, Iron and Iodine (b) Fat soluble vitamins-Vitamin A, D, E, K (c) Water soluble vitamins-B1, B2, Niacin B6 & Vitamin C. UNIT 3 (a) Cooking- Objectives of cooking, different methods of cooking and their effect on Nutritive Value (b) Meal	UNIT 2: INTRODUCTION TO MICRO NUTRIENTS UNIT 3: COOKING AND MEAL	

	Planning- Objectives of Meal Planning, Underlying factors which should be considered before planning a meal (c) Principles of art-Harmony, Balance, Rhythm, Proportion and Emphasis. Application of principles of art in home.	PLANNING	
	UNIT 4 (a) Meaning of Home Management (b) Steps involved in Home Management-Planning, Organisation Controlling and Evaluation (c) Resources available, Human and Non-human.	UNIT 4: MANAGEMENT OF THE HOME	
	UNIT 5 (a) Standard of Living-Meaning, factors affecting standard of living, how to achieve a better standard of living (b) Saving-Meaning and importance of saving ways of the family saving. Insurance-Meaning, importance and schemes. Bank-Functions and accounts. Post Office.	UNIT 5: SAVING AND STANDARD OF LIVING	
HSH 102 CHILD DEVELOPMENT AND TEXTILE	UNIT 1 (a) Meaning and importance of child development (b) Stages of Development (c) Development of Child (i) Physical Development from 0-12 years of age, Factors affecting Physical Development (ii) Motor Development: Importance, motor development from 0-12 years of age. Determinants of motor development.	UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION	1
	UNIT 2 (a) Social Development: Meaning and nature, stages of social development (0-12 years), Factors influencing social development (b) Emotional Development: Characteristics of children's emotions, some childhood emotions-fear shyness, anger, jealousy, curiosity, affection.	UNIT 2 : SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT	
	UNIT 3 (a) Behaviour problems of children: Bed-wetting, stealing, nail-biting, thumb-sucking, stammering. (b) (i) Importance of Textile (ii)	UNIT 3: BEHAVIOUR PROBLEMS & TEXTILE TERMINOLOGY	

	Introduction to textile terminology-Cloth, fabric, loom, warp, weft, count of cloth, fibre, yarn, spinning, weaving, knitting, felting, bonding, finishing, dying, printing and quilting. UNIT 4 (a) Fabric manufacture-spinning, weaving, knitting and non-woven (b) Classification of textile fibers (c) Common properties of fabrics-Luster, feel, appearance (d) Identification of cellulose, protein and synthetic fabrics.	UNIT 4: KNOWING ABOUT FABRICS	
	UNIT 5 (a) Study of various factors affecting selection of clothing-selection for a college going students (b) Factors effecting selection of any household textile material.	UNIT 5: CLOTHING SELECTION	
HSH 281 HOUSEHOLD MANAGEMEN T	UNIT 1 (a) Functions of food: (i) physiological (ii) social (iii) psychological (b) Food group prescribed by ICMR (c) Meal management for the family.	UNIT 1: FOOD 1	Unit headings have been incorporate d
	UNIT 2 Functions sources, requirements and deficiency of: (a) Carbohydrates (b) Proteins (c) fats (d) vitamin A, D, E, K (e) B complex and vitamin C (f) Iron and calcium.	UNIT 2 : FOOD 2	
	UNIT 3 (a) Behaviour problems of childhood (b) Parent-Child relationship (c) Discipline (d) Immunization for the child.	UNIT 3: HUMAN DEVELOPMENT	
	UNIT 4 (a) Family and stages of family life cycle (b) Basics of Management Process (c) Budget making.	UNIT 4: FAMILY RESOURCE MANAGEMENT	
	UNIT 5 (a) Characteristics of textile fibres and fabrics (b) Common stains and household methods of removal of stains (c) Study of various factors affecting selection of clothing for	UNIT 5: CLOTHING AND TEXTILES	

	various accesions for aclf		<u> </u>
11014 404	various occasions for self.	LINUT	1.1.16
HSM 101 INTRODUCTION TO FOODS	UNIT 1 (a) Concept of food nutrition, health and dietetics (b) Food Groups and their Importance in Meal-Planning (c) Functions of Foods (Physiological, Psychological & Social).	UNIT 1: RELATIONSHIP OF FOOD, NUTRITION & HEALTH	Unit headings have been incorporate d
	UNIT 3 (a) Selection and Purchase of Foods: (i) Perishable (ii) Non Perishable (iii) Semi Perishable (b) Methods of Cooking: (i) Reasons for Cooking (ii) Different methods of Cooking (iii) Effect of Cooking on colour, texture & nutrients (iv) Methods of conserving nutrients during cooking.	UNIT 3: SELECTION AND PURCHASE OF FOODS METHODS OF COOKING	
HSM 201 NUTRITION	UNIT 1: NUTRITION (a) What is nutrition (b) What is health according to WHO (c) Simple signs of good and malnutrition, incidence of malnutrition in India. Causes and prevention of malnutrition in India.	UNIT 1: NUTRITION VS MALNUTRITION	Unit headings have been incorporate d
	UNIT 5 (a) Water-importance in diet, main functions in the body (b) Fibre-Importance in diet, main functions in the body.	UNIT 5: WATER & FIBRE	
HSM 205	UNIT 1	UNIT 1:	Unit
ELEMENTS OF ECONOMICS	(a) Meaning, definitions and scope of economics (b) Types of Economics (c) Importance of Economics in the management of family (d) Human wants.	INTRODUCTION TO ECONOMICS	headings have been incorporate d
	UNIT 2 (a) Concept of utility (b) Laws of consumption (i) Law of diminishing marginal utility (ii) Law of substitution & Equimarginal utility.	UNIT 2 : DIMINISHING RETRUNS	
	UNIT 3 (a) Consumer surplus-meaning, definition factors affecting consumer's surplus (i) Law of demand (ii) Law of Supply (b) Production-concept of cost, production in modern economies (i) Land (ii) Labour (iii) Capital (iv)	UNIT 3: DEMAND AND SUPPLY	

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	Organisation.		
	UNIT 4 Market and Market forms, Market Definition: (i) Classification of Markets, (ii) Conditions of Market, (iii) Market forms, (iv) Marketing Function	UNIT 4: MARKET	
	UNIT 5 Money- Meaning, function, types Usefulness and importance of money- paper money, System of money and essentials of a good monetary system.	UNIT 5: MONEY	
HSM 308	UNIT 1	UNIT 1:	Unit
PARENT & COMMUNITY EDUCATION	(a) Meaning of the term Family & Community. Need for Parent, Family & Community education (b) Principles and objectives of parent education (c) Role of parents in children's upbringing. Parenthood: Meaning, different theoretical views, changing concept, characteristics of a competent parent.	CONCEPTUAL BACKGROUND OF FAMILY & COMMUNITY EDUCATION	headings have been incorporate d
	UNIT 2 a) Methods of Parent involvement in school: Home visits, school visits, sending printed material, participation of parents in school activities, parent teacher meetings, newsletters, resource centre for parents, Parent teacher association and decision and policy making (b) need and role of father (c) Addressing the needs of special group of parents.	UNIT 2 : METHODS OF PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT	
	UNIT 3 Community Involvement in School (a) Personnel for parent & community education: (i) Teachers (ii) Doctors (iii) Nutritionists (iv) Social Worker (b) Local approaches to strengthening community linkages: Special linkages, Professional help, organising activities and visits (c) Community contribution to school in multiple participation for developing children: guidance and counselling, day care centres, Referral Services	UNIT 3: COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT IN SCHOOL	

	UNIT 4 (a) Parental practices with reference to socialization of children (b) Positive Parenting for promoting self regulation among children (c) Sourcing family and parent wisdom regarding children's care and development.	UNIT 4: SOCIALISING PRACTICES	
	UNIT 5 Planning, Implementing and evaluation of Parent Education Programmes(a) Ways and methods of planning programmes and understanding the processes involved in implementing programmes(b) Criteria for evaluation of Parent Education Programmes and barriers in their implementation (c) General guidelines and ethical issues in working with Parents	UNIT 5: PARENT EDUCATION PROGRAMMES	
HSM 310 COMMUNITY NUTRITION THEORY	UNIT 1 (a) Factors affecting food habits of the community-Geographic, religious, social and cultural influence (b) Aetiological factors of mal-nutrition and under-nutrition in India (c) Assessment of nutritional status: (i) Dietary, nutritional, clinical, socioeconomical surveys.	UNIT 1: FOOD HABITS AND ITS EFFECT ON NUTRITIONAL STATUS	Unit headings have been incorporate d
	UNIT 2 (a) Teaching better nutrition using different methods of communication (b) Role of nutrition, community gardens, poultry, piggary and fisheries in improving nutrition. (c) Methods of improvement-fortification, enrichment, supplementation, combination, germination and fermentation.	UNIT 2 : IMPROVING NUTRITION IN THE COMMUNITY	
	UNIT 3 (a) Role of national and international agencies in promoting better nutrition (b) Ongoing nutritional, programmes for the community-their strengths and weaknesses. UNIT 4 (a) Infant & maternal mortality (b) Poverty, malnutrition interaction (c)	UNIT 3: PROMOTING BETTER NUTRITION UNIT 4: IMPACT OF MALNUTRITION ON THE	

	Malnutrition infection cycle.	COMMUNITY	
	UNIT 5 (a) Types of Immunity-Innate, acquired, primary, secondary, immune response (b) Immunization schedule (c) Oral re-hydration.	UNIT 5: IMMUNITY	
	UNIT 1 Structure and general properties of physiologically important compounds (a) Carbohydrate-Glucose, fructose, galactose, sucrose, maltose, lactose, starch, glycogen (b) Lipids-fatty acids, triglycerids phospholipids, sterols (c) Proteins-amino acids, proteins.	UNIT 1: BIOCHEMICAL IMPORTANCE OF MACRONUTRIEN TS	Unit headings have been incorporate d
	UNIT 2 Chemistry and physiological function of Vitamin A, B-Complex, C, D, & K (thiamine, riboflavin, niacin, pyridoxine, folic acid, B12, ascorbic acid).	UNIT2: BIOCHEMICAL IMPORTANCE OF MICRONUTRIENT S	
	UNIT 3 Enzymes-Classification, elementary treatment of enzyme kinetic, including factors which affect rates of enzymecatalysed reactions.	UNIT 3: ENZYMES	
	UNIT 4 Digestion and absorption of Carbohydrates, fats, proteins.	UNIT 4: DIGESTION & ABSORPTION FROM THE GASTROINTESTI NAL TRACT	
HSM 501 CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS	UNIT 1 Concept of disability: (a) Definition and meaning of the term children with disability (b) Indian Classification of children with disability (c) National laws and Policies for children with disability.	UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION	Unit headings have been incorporate d
	UNIT 2 Classification, causes, characteristics, educational rehabilitation of children with Orthopaedic disabilities and cerebral palsy	UNIT 2 : ORTHOPAEDIC DISABILITIES	
	UNIT 3 Classification, causes, characteristics,	UNIT 3: INTELLECTUAL	

	educational rehabilitation of children	DISABILITIES
	with (a) Diversities in Intellectual abilities: impairment and giftedness (b) Learning disabilities (c) Autistic spectrum disorders.	DISARITHES
HSM 503	UNIT 4 Classification, causes, characteristics, educational rehabilitation of children with Sensory Disabilities: Visual and Hearing Impairments. UNIT 5 (a) Emotional and Behaviour disorders- anxiety, phobia, aggression, depression (b) Children at risk-Victims of abuse, chronic illness, broken homes, street and institutionalized children	UNIT 4: SENSORY DISABILITIES UNIT 5: EMOTIONAL PROBLEMS UNIT 1:
JOURNALISM & SOCIAL MARKETING	Development Journalism: (a) Growth, Nature, Scope and Significance, (b) Need for development journalism, Social- economic and cultural context of India, (c) Issues and problems for media professionals, Global scenario of development journalism in Asia, Europe, America.	CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK OF JOURNALISM
	UNIT 2 Development Journalism: Perspective and Approaches: (a) Development issues faced by India: need for clear understanding of problems, inter linkages and holistic perspective, role of development journalism in furthering the appropriate perspective and the challenges, (b) Approaches to development journalism: short term and long term, isolated, integrated. Sensational and others case studies.	AND APPROACHES
	UNIT 3 Development Journalism in Print Media: (a) Status of Development journalism in national and regional dailies, magazines and journals, challenges, ahead, print media policy with respect to space and quality of reporting for development journalism, (b) photo journalism and written journalism; principles, techniques for	UNIT 3: JOURNALISM IN PRINT MEDIA

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	enhancement, media research and development journalism, problems of print media professionals in development journalism and role of advocacy.	
	UNIT 4 Development Journalism in Radio and TV: (a) Policy perspectives, Available space, time, value and cost, Advocacy to promote value for development journalism, (b) Changing trends in development journalism on Radio and T.V. as a result of media liberalisation and globalisation cast studies; global, national and regional perspectives. Video for Development: Project design for video journalism, policy perspectives, challenges ahead; technical, space, financial, other, successful experiments like SEWA video, etc. Cyber Journalism: Relevance scope, reach, Web designing techniques, challenges of content, presentation, reach, economics, others policy perspectives, challenges ahead, global and national perspective to cyber journalism.	RADIO AND TV:
	UNIT 5 Social Marketing and Advertising: (a) Social advertising and commercial advertising: definitions, need, scope, understanding marketing and social marketing; 3p, 4p and 5p models, terms of social marketing and social advertising, (b) Similarities and differences between commercial marketing of products and services and social marketing, (c) Approaches to Social advertising and marketing, Social advertising as developmental communication model.	UNIT 5: SOCIAL MARKETING AND ADVERTISING
HSM 602	UNIT 1	UNIT 1: THE
CHILD IN THE FAMILY	The family in social context (a) Sociological significance of family (b) Modern trends in Indian families- Urban, Rural, Changing roles and relationships (c) Social and	INDIAN FAMILY

	psychological approaches to study family.		
	UNIT 2 Ecological and sociological factors affecting the interpersonal relationships (a) Ordinal position, caste, religion, caste socio-economic status, culture sex and parent's educational level (b) Mother-child relationship, father child relationship, sibling relationship (c) Family disciplinary techniques.	UNIT 2 : INTERPERSONAL RELATIONS	
	UNIT 3 Where and how the family helps the individual through (a) sex education (b) family and mental health (c) Personal guidance and counselling	UNIT 3: SPECIFIC FAMILY SUPPORT	
	UNIT 4 Common problems (a) Sexual Misbehaviour & delinquency of deprived and disadvantaged child (b) Drug addiction (c) AIDS (d) Aggression and hostility (e) Vocational and Educational guidance	UNIT 4: COMMON PROBLEMS	
	UNIT 5 Approaches & theories to family studies (a) Developmental approach (b) Interactional approach (c) Institutional approach (d) Systematic approach (e) Cyclic approach (f) Progressive theory (g) Structural & functional theory	UNIT 5: APPROACHES AND THEORIES	
HSM 603 TEXTILE CHEMISTRY & TESTING	UNIT 1 (a) Polymer Chemistry: fine structure of fiber, methods of polymerization, degree of polymerization (b) Types of Polymer: co-polymers, oligomes graft polymers (c) Degree of Crystallization and orientation in fibers and their influence on fiber properties (d) Inter and Intrapolymer bonding.	UNIT 1: FIBER CHEMISTRY	
	UNIT 2 (a) Molecular structure, chemical composition of cotton, action of acids and alkalies on cellulose (b) Chemical composition, molecular structure of	UNIT 2 : CHEMISTRY & PROPERTIES OF NATURAL FIBERS	

wool. Physical and chemical properties of wool (c) Difference in wool and silk chemistry.		
physical and chemical properties of nylon, polyester and acrylic fibers (b)	UNIT 3: CHEMISTRY & PROPERTIES OF SYNTHETIC FIBERS	
UNIT 4 (a) Yarn and Fabric testing: importance, sampling procedure (b) (i) Techniques to test yarns for yarn count, denier and tex, yarn twist. (ii) Techniques to test fabric density, strength, abrasion, elongation, thickness of fabric, shrinkage, crease recovery, stiffness of fabrics, GSM, fabric drapablity. (c) Colourfastness testing of fabrics for various agents: light, wash, rub, etc.	UNIT 4: YARN AND FABRIC TESTING	
UNIT 5 (a) Garment Testing: colourfastness, shrinkage tests of garments (b) Fabric faults/defects as related to stages of manufacture and their classification (c) Appropriate labels on garments (d) Standardization: Quality control of textile products and Compliance in Industry.	UNIT 5: GARMENT TESTING	
UNIT 1 Methods of study in Human Development: Meaning, Objectives, Research Approaches, Cross- sectional, longitudinal and sequential approach. Concept of testing and measurement ethics on research on human beings.	UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION TO CHILD STUDY	
UNIT 2 History of testing children, nature of tests and their classification, scales of Measurement, concept of norms, types of norms. Reliability: concept, types and factors affecting. Validity:	UNIT 2 : MEASUREMENT	

	concept, types and factors affecting. Relation between reliability and validity. Item analysis of power tests. UNIT 3 Methods of data collection- observation, questionnaire interview, sociometry, case study, rating scale, anthropometric measurements for assessment of health status. Use of computer technology to study human beings.	UNIT 3: METHODS OF DATA COLLECTION	
HSM 703	UNIT 1: Meaning, Types and	CONCEPT OF	
THEORIES OF	functions of theory, Theoretical	THEORTICAL	
HUMAN	perspective of Human Development	PERSPECTIVE	
DEVELOPMENT	and behaviour	I LIXOI LOTIVL	
		LINUT 4.	
HSM 710	UNIT-I	UNIT 1:	
	a) Definition and Evolution of Rights.	INTRODUCTION	
CHILD AND	b) Human rights, Child rights,	TO RIGHTS	
HUMAN	Women's rights, Charter, Convention	PERSPECTIVE	
RIGHTS	and Policy		
	UNIT-II	UNIT 2 : STATUS	
	a)Status of Indian Children and their	OF CHILDREN &	
	rights	THEIR RIGHTS	
	b)Gender disparities (infanticide,		
	feticide, girl child)		
	c)Children in difficult circumstances		
	(Children of prostitutes, child		
	prostitutes, Child labour, street		
	children, refugee children and child		
	victims of war)		
	d) Children with special needs.		
	UNIT-V	UNIT 5:	
	a. International convention of Human	INTERNATIONAL	
	rights.	PERSPECTIVE OF	
	b. Adoption and its Laws	HUMAN RIGHTS	
HSM 803	UNIT 1	UNIT 1:	
	Contribution of the following western	CONTRIBUTION	
EARLY	thinkers to the development of early	OF WESTERN	
CHILDHOOD	childhood care and education (their	THINKERS	
CARE &	principles application and limitations).		
EDUCATION	Rousseau, Pestalozzi, Froebel, Maria		
LEGGATION	Montessori and Margaret Macmillan.		
	UNIT 2		
	(a) Contribution of the following Indian	UNIT 2 :	
	thinkers to the development of early	CONTRIBUTION	
	childhood education. Mahatma	OF INDIAN	
		THINKERS	
	Gandhi, Rabindranath Tagore,	HINNERS	

	Tarabai Modak, Gijubhai Badheka, Anutai Wagh (b) Contribution of the following agencies/Programmes to early childhood care and education in India. ICCW, IAPE, NCERT, ICDS, UNICEF, NCTL, Mobile Crêche (c) Major types of Pre-School Programmes- Kindergarten School, Montessori, Nursery School, Pre-Basic type, Aganwadi and Day Care. UNIT 3 (a) Developmental Needs of Early Childhood (b) Terminology: ECCE, ECD, ECCD (c) Need, importance and objectives of early childhood care education (d) Role of Pre-School (i) Laying Foundation of security (ii) Releasing hostility and aggression (e) Policies and perspective of Five Year Plans (f) RTE	UNIT 3: CONCEPTUAL BAKGROUND OF ECCE	
	UNIT 4 The Nursery School (a) location, building, equipments (b) The Nursery School Personnel (c) Fee (d) Record keeping and reports (e) Evaluation Policy.	UNIT 4: NURSERY SCHOOL : INFRASTUCTURE AND STAFF	
	UNIT 5 Programme Planning (a) Programme planning for Pre-School (b) Individualisation of programme (c) Role of music, science experiences, creative activities, field trips, dramatizations and puppetry in Pre-School education (d) Celebration of special occasions- annual programme, religious and national festivals (e) Strategies to involve parents in various preschool activities.	UNIT 5: PROGRAMME PLANNING	
HSM 807 THERAPEUTIC NUTRITION	UNIT 1 (a) Role of Dietician, definition of nutritional care and team approach. Planning and implementing dietary care (b) Therapeutic adaptations of the normal diet (i) Soft (ii) Liquid (iii) Special feeding methods.	UNIT 1: NUTRITION CARE PROCESS	

	UNIT 2 Dietary modification in (a) Fevers and infections-(i) fevers of short duration-typhoid (ii) fevers of long duration-tuberculosis (b) Diseases of the gastro-intestinal tract (i) Peptic ulcer (ii) diarrhoea (iii) constipation-their etiology, manifestation and dietary modifications.	UNIT 2 : DIET IN FEVERS & GASTRO- INTESTINAL TRACT DISORDERS	
	UNIT 3 Weight Control (i) Obesity (ii) Underweight (iii) diabetes mellitus.	UNIT 3: WEIGHT MANAGEMENT & DIABETES	
	UNIT 4 (a) Hypertension (b) Atherosclerosis (c) Acute and chronic diseases of the heart	UNIT 4: CARDIOVASCULA R DISORDERS	
	UNIT 5 (a) Nephritis, (b) nutrition for the cancer patient (c) Hepatitis.	UNIT 5: KIDNEY, LIVER DISORDERS AND CANCER	
HSM 811 MENTAL HEALTH IN DEVEL. PERSPECTIVE	UNIT 1 (a) Mental Health (i) Definition, concept and importance of holistic health well-being and happiness (ii) National mental health policy of India (iii) Community mental health needs and programme. (b) Infancy (i) Psycho-social well being (ii) Implications of attachment for mental health, deprivation syndrome.	UNIT 1: CONCEPT OF MENTAL HEALTH & INFANCY	

APPENDIX-3					
COURSES IN WHICH SYLLABUS HAS BEEN MODIFIED					
Course No	Course No Existing Status Proposal for change Justification				
HSH 281	Unit 5	Unit 5	Upgradation of		
	(a) Characteristics of textile	(a) Characteristics of textile	Course		
HOUSEHOLD	fibres and fabrics (b) Common	fibres and fabrics (b)			
MANAGEMENT	stains and household methods	Process involved in fibre to			
	of removal of stains (c) Study	fabric manufacture			
	of various factors affecting	(c) Various uses of fabrics,			

	selection of clothing for various occasions for self.	factors affecting selection of clothing (d) Common stains and household methods of removal of stains	
HSM 108 COMPUTER BASICS	UNIT 2: MS WINDOWS (c) Managing documents and Folders. Practical application of Windows (d) Creating a new user (e) Security and safety of files.	(c) Managing documents and folders, Practical application of MS Windows (d) Windows accessories and features (e) Features of control panel	Essential component of ms windows that was missing has been added Sections
	illes.	panei	deleted are covered in practical application of MS windows

LICM OOC	Course Title: CLIII D IN TUE	INTRODUCTION TO	Thorouge
HSM 206	Course Title: CHILD IN THE	INTRODUCTION TO	There were
	INDIAN FAMILY 1	CHILD IN THE FAMILY	two papers
FAMILY IN			named as
SOCIETY			Child in the
			Indian family
			1 and 2. one
			was an
			introductory
			course and the
			second was an
			advance
			course. This
			nomenclature
			is more
			suitable
HSM 302	1. Preparation of material for	1. Preparation of material for	Change in
	community health, nutrition	community health, nutrition	sequence
HUMAN	and child care.	and child care.	
DEVELOPME	2. Use of the observation and	2. Analysis of cases for	
NT-	interview methods for studying	development/ relationship	
PRACTICAL	behaviour of parents and	assessment	
	children	3.Use of the observation and	
	3. Visit to a maternity ward to	interview methods for	
	observe neonates and	studying behaviour of	
	interview their mothers.	parents and children	
	4. Planning creative activities	4. Visit to a maternity ward to	
	for 3-5 year old children.	observe neonates and	
	5. Preparing low cost material	interview their mothers.	
	for child play and learning	5. Planning creative activities	
	lor Gilla play and learning	for 3-5 year old children.	

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	6. Audio Visual sources to be shown on different aspects of prenatal/ neonate/ Infancy/ childhood leading to discussion and report writing 7. Analysis of cases for development/ relationship assessment	6. Preparing low cost material for child play and learning 7. Audio Visual sources to be shown on different aspects of prenatal/ neonate/ Infancy/ childhood leading to discussion and report writing	
PARENT & COMMUNITY	wisdom regarding children's	(c) Information support from family and school regarding children's care &	
EDUCATION	care and development.	development	
HSM 403 FAMILY RESOURCE MANAGEMENT	Course title: FAMILY RESOURCE MANAGEMENT Title of UNIT 5: WORK SIMPLIFICATION	INTRODUCTION TO FAMILY RESOURCE MANAGEMENT MATERIAL AND FINISHES USED IN HOUSEHOLD EQUIPMENT	There are two courses of this nomenclature, this is the introductory paper, hence this title represent the content better
HSM 408	UNIT 1		Content better
ELEMENTS OF BIOCHEMISTRY	Structure and general properties of physiologically important compounds (a) Carbohydrate-Glucose, fructose, galactose, sucrose, maltose, lactose, starch, glycogen (b) Lipids-fatty acids, triglycerids phospholipids, sterols (c) Proteins-amino acids, proteins. UNIT 2 Chemistry and physiological function of Vitamin A, B-Complex, C, D, & K (thiamine, riboflavin, niacin, pyridoxine, folic acid, B12, ascorbic acid).	Now UNIT 4	Resequencing of units has been done. unit4 has been shifted as 2 nd unit to have complete knowledge of macro nutrients all together regarding their importance, digestion and metabolism; micronutrients can be taught
	Enzymes-Classification, elementary treatment of enzyme kinetic, including factors which affect rates of enzyme-catalysed reactions.	Now UNIT 5	afterwards enzymes
	UNIT 4 Digestion and absorption of Carbohydrates, fats, proteins.	Now UNIT 2	

UNIT 5: METABOLISM (a) Carbohydrates-Glucolysis, Now UNIT 3 Citric acid cycle, synthesis, breakdown of alvcogen. Gluconeogenesis, Blood sugar and its regulation (b) Lipids-Oxidation of fatty acids, fatty liver, ketosis, De nobo fatty acid synthesis (c) Proteins-General reactions of amino acid metabolism, urea cycle, electron transport chains and oxidative phosphorylations (d) Introduction to the concept of protein biosynthesis.

HSM 503 UNIT 1

SM & SOCIAL **MARKETIN**

Development Journalism: (a) JOURNALI Growth, Nature, Scope and Significance, (b) Need for development journalism, Socialeconomic and cultural context of India, (c) Issues and problems for media professionals, Global scenario of development journalism in Asia, Europe, America.

UNIT 2

Development Journalism: Perspective and Approaches: (a) Development issues faced by India: need for clear understanding of problems, inter linkages and holistic perspective, role of development journalism in furthering the appropriate perspective and the challenges, (b) Approaches to development iournalism: short term and long term, isolated, integrated. Sensational and others case studies.

UNIT 3

Development Journalism in Print Media: (a) Status of Development (a) Status of Development journalism in national and regional journalism in national and

UNIT 1

Journalism: (a) Growth, Nature, Scope and Significance, (b) Need for development journalism, Social- economic and cultural context of India, (c) Issues and problems for media professionals, Global scenario of development journalism in Asia, Europe, America.

UNIT 2

Journalism: Perspective and Approaches: (a) Development issues faced by India: need for clear understanding of problems. inter linkages and holistic perspective, role of development journalism in furthering the appropriate perspective and the challenges, (b) Approaches to development journalism: short term and long term, isolated, integrated. Sensational and others case studies.

UNIT 3

Journalism in Print Media:

Deletion of the term development from each of the four units

dailies, magazines and journals, challenges, ahead, print media policy with respect to space and quality of reporting for development journalism, (b) photo quality of reporting for journalism and written journalism; principles, techniques for enhancement, media research and development journalism, problems of print media professionals in development journalism and role of advocacy.

regional dailies, magazines and journals, challenges, ahead, print media policy with respect to space and development journalism, (b) photo journalism and written journalism; principles, techniques for enhancement, media research and development journalism, problems of print media professionals in development journalism and role of advocacy.

UNIT 4

Development Journalism in Radio and TV: (a) Policy perspectives, Available space, time, value and cost, Advocacy to promote value for development journalism, (b) Changing trends in development iournalism on Radio and T.V. as a result of media liberalisation and globalisation cast studies; global, national and regional perspectives.

Video for Development: Project design for video journalism, policy perspectives, challenges ahead; technical, space, financial, other, successful experiments like SEWA video, etc.

Cyber Journalism: Relevance scope, reach, Web designing techniques, challenges of content, presentation, reach, economics, others policy perspectives, challenges ahead, global and national perspective to cyber iournalism.

UNIT 4

Journalism in Radio and TV: (a) Policy perspectives, Available space, time, value and cost, Advocacy to promote value for development journalism, (b) Changing trends in development journalism on Radio and T.V. as a result of media liberalisation and globalisation cast studies; global, national and regional perspectives. Video for Development: Project design for video journalism, policy perspectives, challenges ahead: technical, space. financial, other, successful experiments like SEWA video, etc. Cyber Journalism: Relevance scope, reach, Web designing techniques, challenges of content, presentation, reach, economics, others policy perspectives, challenges ahead, global and national perspective to cyber iournalism.

HSM 602 Course Title: CHILD IN THE **INDIAN FAMILY2**

CHILD IN

ADVANCED COURSE ON CHILD IN THE INDIAN **FAMILY**

There were two papers named as

THE FAMILY HSM 603	LINIT 1		Child in the Indian family 1 and 2.This nomenclature is better Unit – 4 & 5
TEXTILE CHEMIST RY & TESTING	(a) Polymer Chemistry: fine structure of fiber, methods of polymerization, degree of polymerization (b) Types of Polymer: co-polymers, oligomes graft polymers (c) Degree of Crystallization and orientation in fibers and their influence on fiber properties (d) Inter and Intrapolymer bonding.		are practical based hence would be covered in the beginning .this will help understand developing therotical base for HSM 606. (Practical course of the
	(a) Molecular structure, chemical composition of cotton, action of acids and alkalies on cellulose (b) Chemical composition, molecular structure of wool. Physical and chemical properties of wool (c) Difference in wool and silk chemistry.	Now UNIT 4	same subject)
	UNIT 3 (a) Chemistry, manufacture process, physical and chemical properties of nylon, polyester and acrylic fibers (b) Blending: advantages and limitations of blends.	Now UNIT 5	
	UNIT 4 (a) Yarn and Fabric testing: importance, sampling procedure (b) (i) Techniques to test yarns for yarn count, denier and tex, yarn twist. (ii) Techniques to test fabric density, strength, abrasion, elongation, thickness of fabric, shrinkage, crease recovery, stiffness of fabrics, GSM, fabric drapablity. (c) Colourfastness testing of fabrics for various agents: light, wash, rub, etc.	Now UNIT 1	

INIT 5		
olourfastness, shrinkage tests of arments (b) Fabric faults/defects is related to stages of nanufacture and their lassification (c) Appropriate abels on garments (d) standardization: Quality control of extile products and Compliance in Industry.	Now UNIT 2	To have
a) Management by objectives (b) ood quality (c) Food safety (d) otal quality management.	Quality (i) Sensory Evaluation (ii) Objective Evaluation	To have complete information on topic; upgraded course content
	UNIT 1: APPAREL AND	Unit -1,2,3
MPORTANCE OF CLOTHING a) Origin of clothing (b) Theories of clothing (c) Role of clothing (d) berception of self and its evelopment. INIT 2: CLOTHING SELECTION OR DIFFERENT AGE GROUPS a) Infant clothing (b) Toddler othing (c) Pre-school clothing (d) clothing for School going (e) dolescent clothing (f) Adult lothing. INIT 3: FASHION IN DRESS a) Terminologies of fashion (b) cources of fashion (c) Factors avouring and retarding fashion d) Fashion cycle (e) Fashion merchandising. INIT4:TECHNIQUESIN ATTERN MAKING a) Pattern making terms: pattern, rafting, flat pattern making (b) casic pattern set, working pattern, the dart, Truing, Blending, Pivotal oint, Direction of grainline, traight, bias, cross grain, pattern manipulation (c) Bodice Darts: converting darts to gathers/ cleats/ Multiple darts/ tucks by	(a)History, development, present status, problems(b)Export – import trends in cotton, wool, silk, jute, and manmade fibre industries and the garment industry in India.(c)Effect of Globalization and Liberalization on textile and apparel Industry(d)Visit to a Apparel production unit UNIT 2: INTRODUCTION TO APPAREL PRODUCTION(a)Planning of garment business, procurement of raw material, organization of apparel firms.(b) Machinery and equipments required for garment production at industrial level cutting, sewing, finishing and embellishment. UNIT 3: PRODUCTION DEPARTMENTS (a)Sampling department-importance of sampling department, objectives,	already covered in HSM-306 (which was designed last year)
established with a contract of the contract of	arments (b) Fabric faults/defects is related to stages of anufacture and their assification (c) Appropriate bels on garments (d) randardization: Quality control of axtile products and Compliance Industry. NIT 3: QUALITY ASSURANCE) Management by objectives (b) rood quality (c) Food safety (d) rotal quality management. NIT1:PSYCHOLOGICAL RPORTANCE OF CLOTHING) Origin of clothing (b) Theories clothing (c) Role of clothing (d) reception of self and its evelopment. NIT 2: CLOTHING SELECTION OR DIFFERENT AGE GROUPS) Infant clothing (b) Toddler othing (c) Pre-school clothing (d) rothing for School going (e) dolescent clothing (f) Adult othing. NIT 3: FASHION IN DRESS) Terminologies of fashion (b) rources of fashion (c) Factors vouring and retarding fashion (b) rources of fashion (c) Factors vouring and retarding fashion (d) rechandising. NIT4:TECHNIQUESIN ATTERN MAKING) Pattern making terms: pattern, afting, flat pattern making terms: pattern, afting, flat pattern making terms: pattern, afting, flat pattern making terms: pattern, aright, bias, cross grain, pattern anipulation (c) Bodice Darts: onverting darts to gathers/ eats/ Multiple darts/ tucks by ash and spread method.	arments (b) Fabric faults/defects is related to stages of anufacture and their assification (c) Appropriate bels on garments (d) andardization: Quality control of xtile products and Compliance Industry. NIT 3: QUALITY ASSURANCE () Management by objectives (b) od quality (c) Food safety (d) otal quality management. NIT1:PSYCHOLOGICAL IPORTANCE OF CLOTHING () Origin of clothing (b) Theories clothing (c) Role of clothing (d) erception of self and its velopment. NIT 2: CLOTHING SELECTION of Difference of Self and its velopment. NIT 2: CLOTHING SELECTION of Difference of Fashion (b) Toddler of thing (c) Pre-school clothing (d) othing for School going (e) othing (f) Adult of thing. NIT 3: FASHION IN DRESS of Tashion cycle (e) Fashion erchandising. NIT 3: FASHION IN DRESS of Tashion cycle (e) Fashion cycle (e) Fashion crechandising. NIT 4: TECHNIQUESIN and retarding fashion (b) Toddler of Tashion cycle (e) Fashion cy

	remedies (c) Awareness of role of computer in the field of fashion designing.	Machineries, fabric laying, marker preparation, sorting, numbering & bundling (c)Production department-	
EARLY CHILDHOO D CARE & EDUCATIO N	Contribution of the following western thinkers to the development of early childhood care and education (their principles application and limitations). Rousseau, Pestalozzi, Froebel, Maria Montessori and Margaret Macmillan. UNIT 2 (a) Contribution of the following Indian thinkers to the development of early childhood		Sequencing of order of units has been changed. This will help students to have a better understanding of theory and practice
	education. Mahatma Gandhi, Rabindranath Tagore, Tarabai Modak, Gijubhai Badheka, Anutai Wagh (b) Contribution of the following agencies/Programmes to early childhood care and education in India. ICCW, IAPE, NCERT, ICDS, UNICEF, NCTL, Mobile Crèche (c) Major types of Pre-School Programmes- Kindergarten School, Montessori, Nursery School, Pre-Basic type, Aganwadi and Day Care. UNIT 3	Now UNIT 1	

	(a) Developmental Needs of Early Childhood (b) Terminology: ECCE, ECD, ECCD (c) Need, importance and objectives of early childhood care education (d) Role of Pre-School (i) Laying Foundation of security (ii) Releasing hostility and aggression (e) Policies and perspective of Five Year Plans (f) RTE UNIT 4 The Nursery School (a) location, building, equipments (b) The Nursery School Personnel (c) Fee (d) Record keeping and reports (e) Evaluation Policy. UNIT 5 Programme Planning (a) Programme Planning for Pre-School (b) Individualisation of programme (c) Role of music, science experiences, creative activities, field trips, dramatizations and puppetry in Pre-School education (d) Celebration of special occasions-annual programme, religious and national festivals (e) Strategies to involve parents in various preschool activities.	Now UNIT 3 Programme Planning (a) Programme planning for Pre-School (b) Individualisation of programme (c) Role of music, science experiences, creative activities, field trips, dramatizations and puppetry in Pre-School education (d) Strategies to involve parents in various preschool activities.	Sections (d) deleted as it is being covered in practical course of HSM 804
HSM 809 MANAGEME NT OF HUMAN RESOURCE S	Course Title: MANAGEMENT OF HUMAN RESOURCES	ADVANCED FAMILY RESOURCE MANAGEMENT	The topics under this syllabus are of advance level and are related to different family resources (not only human resources),the refore this title is more appropriate
HSM953 SELF STUDY COURSE	Students will perform two seminars on different topics in the following areas during the first semester. SPECIFIC AREAS FOR SELF		

STUDY COURSE	To develop 1. The students will their ability to
Foods and Nutrition	prepare one self explore,
1. Life style disease (a	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Cardiovascular (b	, .
Obesity (c) Cancer (d	
Diabetes.	systematically.
2. Nutrition of the girl child	
(a) Adolescent girl (b	
Adolescent pregnancy. 3. (a) Geriatic Nutritior	To develop
3. (a) Geriatic Nutrition Malnutrition in old age (b	l
Osteoporosis and diet (c	
Alzheimer's and diet.	paper published
4. Micronutrient deficiencies	
of Iron and Vitamin-A.	
5. Effect of diet in pregnancy	
on (a) Effect on feta	
outcome (b) Lactation (c	critical
Post natal growth (d	
Weaning.	3. Review of a subject subject
Human Development and Family	related book content
Relations	
6. Developmental issues	
during the life span. 7. Children with specia	
needs.	
8. Early childhood care and	
education.	
9. Family & Child welfare.	
10. Women's studies.	
Extension Education	
11. Government Programs.	
12. Non-Government	
Programs.	
13. Program Planning.	
14. Running a Program. 15. Evaluation.	
Clothing and Textiles	
16. Developing catalogues for	
draft preparation.	
17. Fabric properties with	
respect to usage.	
18. Development Appropriate	
Clothing.	
19. Clothing Psychology	
20. Developing Blue	
standards for Indiar brands.	
Family Resource Management	
21. Consumer Studies	
Z 1. Consumer Studies	

	(Economics).		
	22. Institutional Management.		
	23. Resources and their		
	Management.		
	24. Rural Sociology.		
	25. Interior Designing.		
HSM954,			
	RESEARCH		
Н			
METHOD	(a) Meaning, aims, nature and		
O-LOGY	scope of Home Science research		Dagammandat
IN HOME		Syllabus changed	Recommendat
SC.	prerequisites of Home Science	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ions of the
	research (c) Types of research (d)		committee
	Research needs in different		formulated for
	subjects of Home Science (e)		this purpose
	Research Problem – Meaning of		were found to
	research problem, Errors in		be in the
	selecting a research problem.		student
	UNIT 2: HYPOTHESIS		interest, hence
	(a) Meaning (b) Types of		this course
	hypothesis (c) Sampling –		has been
	Sampling and Population,		accepted.
	Techniques of sample selection,		'
	Characteristics of a good sample,		
	Sampling errors and how to		
	reduce them		
	UNIT 3: METHODS OF		
	RESEARCH		
	(a) Measures of central		
	tendencies: Mean, Median and		
	Mode (b) Measures of Variability:		
	Range. Q.D; S.D; A.D; and		
	Coefficient of Variation (c)		
	Measures of Relative Position:		
	Percentiles, Percentile Ranks,		
	Standards Scores, Stanine		
	Scores, T-Scores (d) Normal		
	Probability Distribution, properties		
	of normal curve, applications of		
	normal curve, Divergence from		
	Normality: Skewness and Kurtosis		
	(e) Correlation Techniques – Karl		
	Pearson's Product Moment		
	Correlation Coefficient r.,		
	Spearman's Rank order		
	correlation coefficient (rho),		
	Regression and Prediction		
	UNIT 4: STATISTICAL		
	INFERENCE		
	(a) Concept of Standard Error and		
	it's uses, (b) The Significance of		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1	l .

Statistical Measures, (c) Testing the Significance of difference between two means Z-Test, T-Test, (d) Analysis of variance and Analysis of covariance: One way Anova, Post Anova, Test of difference by use of. T, Two-way Anova, Analysis of covariance. **UNIT 5: REPORT WRITING** (a) Developing Research а Proposal: (i) Format of research proposal, (ii) Individual research proposal, (b) Research Report: (i) Format of the Research Report, (ii) Style of writing the report, (iii) References and Bibiography (c) Scientific Writing (i) Different forms of scientific writing (Journal. Reports, review, media articles, monograph) (ii) formulating outlines/drafting of Different forms of scientific writing

Appendix-4

WORK EXPERIENCE COURSE - FASHION AND TEXTILE DESIGNING CAD I

SEMESTER I

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION TO SOFTWARE FOR TEXTILE DESIGNING

- (a) Functions: Texture table, Overlap, Create woven material, Pen, Group Colour
- **(b)** E-Material & Colour-way Studio Set Texture's Dye, Knitting effect, Crinkle, Leather effect, and other textures
- (c) Scanning- Scan and make Lace, patterns, textures, change the colour ways

UNIT 2: CREATING TEXTILE DESIGNS

- (a) Create and modify print textures
- **(b)** Create colour ways for print textures
- (c) Creating new printed textures, setting them into different repeat patterns

UNIT 3: DEVELOPMENT OF WOVEN TEXTURES

- (a) Developing woven textures using different types of weave structures like plain, twill, and other decorative weaves
- (b) Create woven stripes or checks with different weave structures
- (c) Create colour ways for woven textures
- (d) Creating new woven textures, setting them into different repeat patterns

UNIT 4: FASHION DESIGNING

- (a) Menu command File, Edit, object, Library, Setting
- (b) Working area Light, display mode, Define show ratio, back ground colour, ruler
- (c) E-style & sketch studio Pick object, Create curve, Edit curve, Create surface, Rescale texture, Create Text, Pick colour, Set canvas property

UNIT 5:DESIGN SILHOUETTES

- (a) E- Photo and Draping Studio Set canvas, Clip image, Edit image alpha, colour management, Draping, Fill colour, pen, Local skew, Pick colour.
- (b) Make technical flat 2D sketches, with stitching details, etc.
- (c) Design silhouettes, and do draping on models by drag and drop of scanned textures
- (d) Drape photographs with scanned textures

WORK EXPERIENCE COURSE - FASHION AND TEXTILE DESIGNING CAD II SEMESTER II

UNIT 1:CREATE A COMPLETE VIRTUAL COLLECTION OF DESIGNS, CREATE STORYBOARDS

- (a) Development of a Mood board, Story board, Colour Board
- (b) Development of Collection based on the above boards

UNIT 2:EXPERIMENT WITH TEXTURES AND COLOURS

- (a) Designing of apparels showing textural effects
- (b) Creating colour effect in apparels using different colour combinations

UNIT 3: DESIGNING APPARELS BASED ON DIFFERENT THEMES

- (a) Creating thematic apparels based on different themes such as history, nature, architecture, music etc.
- **(b)** Designing apparels incorporating different traditional motifs and patterns.

UNIT 4:WESTERN SILHOUETTES

Designing 3 western dresses with appropriate colours and accessories.

UNIT 5:INDIAN SILHOUETTESDesigning 3 Indian dresses with appropriate colours and accessories.

HSM954: Applied Research Methodology (M Phil.)

Unit 1: Introduction to Research

- a. Introduction to research methodology. Types of research, Phenomenology, Ethical and other related issues (e.g., patents, copyright, plagiarism, etc.), Construction of (i) rating scale and (ii) attitude scale, Establishment of reliability, validity and norms of an established test.
- b. Developing Logical Reasoning and Quantitative aptitude Logical Reasoning: Understanding the structure of arguments, Kinds of Explanation Deductive, Inductive, and Abductive, Scientific Method, Verbal analogies: Word analogy, Applied analogy, Verbal classification, Logical diagrams, Venn diagram, Analytical reasoning.

Unit 2: Review of Related Literature

Review of related literature, Its relevance and approach, Development of a conceptual framework of the study, Assessment of the antecedents and consequences of the construct.

Unit 3: Data Collection

Types of data, Concept of probability and nonprobability sampling, Statistical inference, Sampling distribution, Comparison of distribution of sample obtained through random and non-random sampling technique, Determination of sampling errors and methods of minimizing these errors, Estimation of sample size.

Unit 4: Research Design and Data Analysis

Quantitative analysis of data, Analysis of variance and multiple regression analysis, Qualitative analysis of data; Content analysis, Discourse analysis, Conversational analysis, Ethnographic researches, Software packages for data analysis.

Unit 5: Report writing, Presentation and Publication of research

Bibliography, Citation index, Impact factor, Levels of journals, Workshops, Seminars, Symposium, and Conference.

Suggested Readings:

General Mental Ability Logical Reasoning and Analytical Ability by Sachidanand Jha (Kalinger Publishers, 2012)

Modern Approach to Logical and Reasoning by A.K. Agarwal (S. Chand, 2012)

Bandarkar, P.L. & Wilkinson, T.S. (2000), Methodology and Techniques of Social

Research, Munbai: Himalaya Publishing House.

Gomm R., (2008), Social Research Methodology, A Critical Introduction, Second Edition Palgrave Macmillan, ISBN: 978-0-230-22475-9, ISBN10: 0-230-22475-X.

Brysbaert M., (2011), Basic Statistics for Psychologists, Palgrave Macmillan, ISBN: 978-0-230-27542-3, ISBN10: 0-230-27542-7.

Zechmeister J., Zechmeister E., Shaughnessy J., (2009), Essentials of Research Methods in Psychology, ISBN: 9780070700451.

Bryman A., (2004), Social Research Methods, Oxford University Press, Second Edition.

Bhattacherjee A., (2012), Social Science Research: Principles, Methods, and Practices, 2nd edition, ISBN-13: 978-1475146127, ISBN-10: 1475146124.

Matthews B., Ross L., Research Methods: A Practical Guide for the Social Sciences, Pearson Education Limited.

Mills J. and Birks M., Qualitative Methodology, A Practical Guide, Sage Publication.

Barbour R., Introducing Qualitative Research, A Student's Guide, Second Edition, Sage Publication.

Kerlinger F.N., Foundations of Behavioural Research.

Jahoda, Shultz & others, Research Methods in Social Relations.

Garrett H.E., Statistics in Psychology & Education.

Guilford J. P., Fundamentals of Statistics in Psychology & Education.

Guilford J. P., Psychometric Methods. New York. McGraw Hill.

Lindquist F. F., Statistical Analysis in Educational Research.

Levin & Rubin, Statistics for Management, PHI.

Nicola B., R. Kemp & R. Snelgar, SPSS for Psychologists, Lawrence Erlbaern Associates. Asthana B., Srivastava V., Asthana N., Research Methodology, Agarwal Publications, Agra. Townsend J.C., Introduction to Experimental Methods, New York, McGraw Hill Books Co. Nunnally J.C., Introduction to Statistics for Psychology Education, New York, McGraw Hill. Mc Gurjan F.J., Experimental Psychology: A methodological approach, practice Hall of India, Pvt.Ltd.